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Entry No: 2022 DEB/192 Course Code: 9E196

Date: 11.05.2023

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY ROPAR GE106 Second Semester of Academic Year 2022- 2023 Mid-semester Examination

Duration: 2 Hours

- Max. Marks: 25
- Use of scientific calculator is allowed.
- No clarifications will be entertained during the examination.
- Answer to each question must start on a new page.
- Answer to all the Sections and its sub-part of a question should appear together.

Boltzmann constant $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ m}^2 \text{ kg s}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-1}$ Planck's constant h = $6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ m}^2 \text{ Kg s}^{-1}$ Molar gas constant = $8.31446262 \text{ m}^2 \text{ kg s}^{-2} \text{ K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ $m_e = 9.10938188 \times 10^{-31} \text{ Kg}$ $m_p = 1.672 \times 10^{-27} \text{ Kg}$ Electronic charge = $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$ Gravitational constant $G = 6.673 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}^2 \text{ Kg}^{-1}\text{S}^{-2}$

Section A

- 1. Explain why we don't have a base-centered cubic cell. [1 mark]
- 2. Explain with a diagram how we can find out the burgers vector of an edge dislocation. [1 mark]
- 3. The diffusion coefficients for carbon in nickel are given at two temperatures: 5.5 x 10⁻ 14 m²/s at 600°C and 3.9 x 10⁻¹³ m²/s at 700°C. (a) Calculate D₀ and the activation energy for diffusion; (b) What is the magnitude of D at 850°C. [5 marks]
- 4. Consider an X-ray beam travelling in the [110] direction of a cubic single crystal (a=3.87Å). If (011) is the first reflection that is obtained in this setting, then determine the following: [2 + 1.5 + 1.5]
 - a. The Bragg angle
 - b. The wavelength of the X-ray beam
 - c. Miller indices of the direction of the reflected beam

- 5. Consider the phase diagram below: [1+1+1+2](a) What are the phases in the regions marked (i) and (ii)

 - (b) Which phase forms through a peritectic reaction? (c) Give all the eutectic reactions in the phase diagram

(d) For an average alloy composition of 0.2 (i.e. 80% A and 20% B) calculate the equilibrium phase fractions at a temperature 0.001°C above T₁ and at 0.001°C below T₁.
 (e)



Section B

Answer in a word or maximum one sentence

- 6. What is the order of conductivity in a good conductor?
- 1. What are the origins of electrical desistance in a conductor?
- 2. What is the relation between the resistivity and mobility of the charge carriers?

Solve the following numerical

- Find out the velocity of electrons in a conductor, which is in thermal equilibrium at 300 K. Consider the electrons as free electrons gas.
- Chromium (3d³4s¹) forms into a BCC structure with lattice parameter of 2.91 A.
 Find out the resistivity of the Chromium, if the mobility of the electrons in Chromium is 10 cm²/ (V.s).